



Investor Presentation December 2024

See additional details in the appendix
All figures in USD millions "m" unless otherwise stated
All production in "bopd" or "mmbbls" unless otherwise stated





Corporate Summary

PetroTal Corp. engages in the development and exploration of oil and natural gas in Peru, South America.

Its flagship property is the Bretaña oil field located in the Marañon Basin of northern Peru. As an invested partner, we're working to help make Peru socially and economically stronger.







Production 🖼



16,500 - 17,500 bopd

2024 guidance

17,200¹ bopd

YTD production

20 mmbbls

Cumulative production since inception²

Financial 4

\$0.45/share USD

Share Price on Nov. 29, 2024

913m

Basic shares

\$411m

Market Cap

\$10m

Net Surplus³

\$423m

Enterprise Value Q3 2024

1.9x

EV/2024 Adjusted EBITDA⁴



Social trust fund

PetroTal created 2.5% social trust

<30 acres

Small field footprint

6.4 kg/bbl

Scope 1 emissions

Zero spills on site

Zero hydrocarbon oil spills in 2023, 2022 & 2021



Introduction

PetroTal overview

PetroTal is a publicly-traded oil and gas company focused on the development of oil assets in Peru.

(TSX - TAL, AIM - PTAL, OTC - PTALF).

Deep experience developing oil fields in Northern Peru in a safe and cost-effective manner.

\$1.80/share

\$1.6 billion of 2P reserves (NPV10).

Exploration Upside

Multiple owned prospects and leads from Blocks 107, 95 and 131 potentially able to triple reserves on an unrisked basis.



Introduction



PetroTal overview

PetroTal operating presence



1. F&D calculated as \$550 million remaining 2P investment / 100 mmbbls of 2P reserves

7th year of operation

\$550m

Invested since inception through Q3 2024

20 mmbbls

Produced since inception

\$550m

Remaining 2P investment

100 mmbbls

Remaining 2P reserves

\$5.50/bbl F&D¹

Significant free cash flow potential until lease expiration





Experienced leadership and governance

Senior Management team



Manolo Zúñiga

Director, President & Chief Executive Officer

- Petroleum engineer with over 30 years of experience helping shape and promote oil investments in Peru
- Former CEO of BPZ Energy



Jose Contreras

Executive Vice President & Chief Operating Officer

- Chemical engineer, MSc. Petroleum Engineering and project development with over 25 years of experience in senior operational oil and gas roles
- Specializing in complex international technical environments



Camilo McAllister

Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

- Financial executive with over 30 years of experience in international energy companies
- Former CFO of Constellation Offshore and Frontera Energy



Sudan I. Maccio

Chief Legal Counsel and Corporate Secretary

- Legal executive with over 30 years of experience in global energy environments encompassing commercial, M&A, governance and risk matters
- Previously General Counsel and Corporate Secretary for Ecopetrol USA





Experienced leadership and governance

Board of Directors

- Mark McComiskey Non-Executive Director and Chairman
- **Felipe Arbelaez Hoyos** Non-Executive Director
- **Eleanor Barker** Non-Executive Director

- **Jon Harris** Non-Executive Director
- **Emily Morris** Non-Executive Director

- **Gavin Wilson** Non-Executive Director
- Manolo Zúñiga Director, President & Chief **Executive Officer**



Investor value proposition

- PetroTal is Peru's largest crude oil producer and has demonstrated a commitment to operational and financial excellence since inception.
- The Bretaña asset is a conventional oil reservoir with the ability to deliver long term profitability from a small environmental footprint.



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PetroTal

Introduction to PetroTal

Investor value proposition



Track record of Production and reserve growth



Debt free



Experienced management team



Leadership in **ESG** principles



Strong return of capital policy



Positioned to grow





Peruvian landscape



GOVERNMENT STRUCTURE

- · President: Dina Boluarte
- Prime Minister: Gustavo Adrianzen
- Energy and Mines Minister: Rómulo Mucho
- Economy and Finance Minister: José Arista



POLITICAL STABILITY

 Stable Legal Framework: Supreme decree-governed contracts ensure continuity across regime changes. (Oil and gas concessions are contract law)



FAVORABLE FISCAL REGIME

 Competitive taxation and royalty structures designed to attract and retain foreign investment



INTEREST IN OFFSHORE EXPLORATION

 Multinational companies interested in exploring Peruvian sea: Occidental and Total Energies





Peruvian landscape



PROVEN RESERVES

 Significant hydrocarbon reserves with ongoing exploration and production activities



ECONOMIC REVIEW

- Peru is considered a leading emerging market with solid recent history of economic stability
- Average annual GDP growth: 4.2%, between 2000 – 2023 (EY 2024)



PERUVIAN ECONOMY HAS STRONG MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS

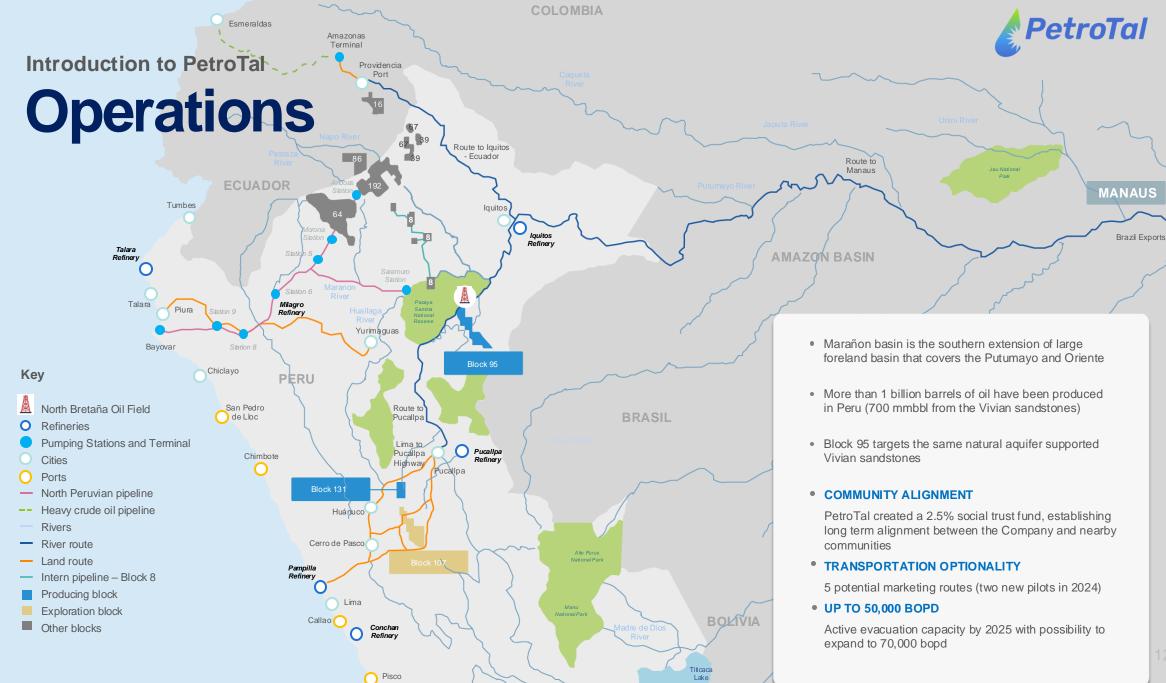
 Implementation of a countercyclical macroeconomic policy and favorable external environment



INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT

 Continuous improvements in infrastructure supporting oil and gas operations









Bretaña: core asset anchoring growth



Track record of growth

Bretaña 2024 guidance highlights

16,500 - 17,500 bopd 2024 Production guidance

\$150 - \$175m

Capital invested

Strong Reserve Replacement Ratios

1P 2 year average of 165% 2P 2 year average of 292%

OCP & Yurimaguas / Conchán

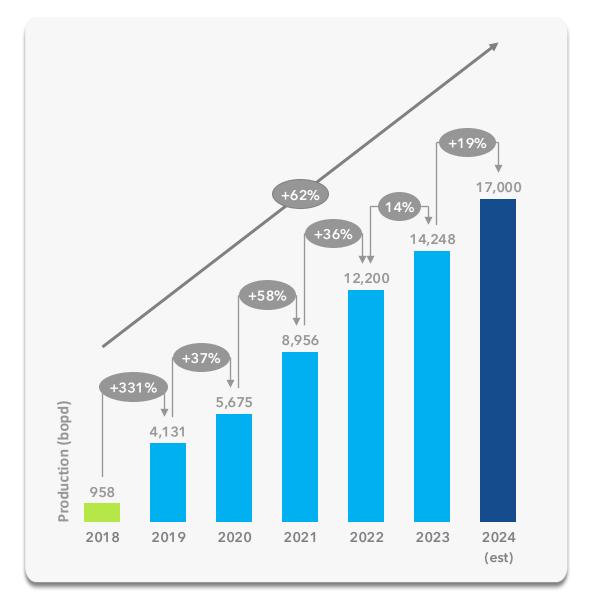
2 new routes to market being piloted in 2024

\$200 - \$240m

Adjusted EBITDA

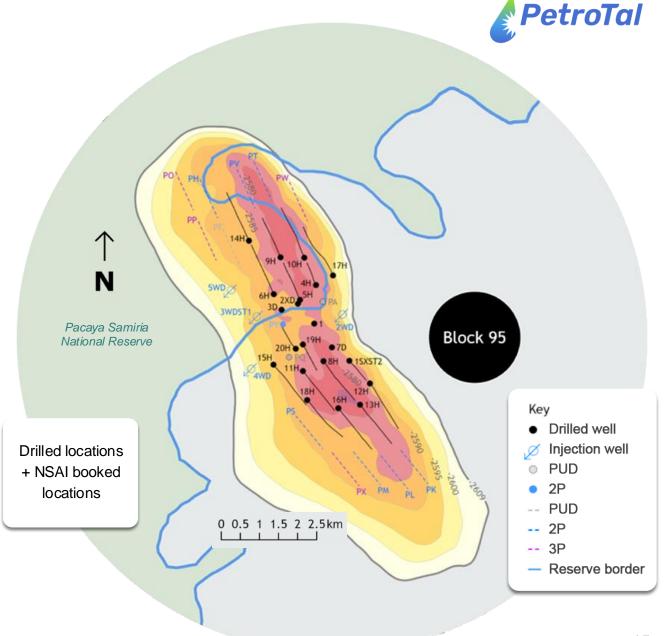
Up to \$66m

Estimated return of capital



Development locations

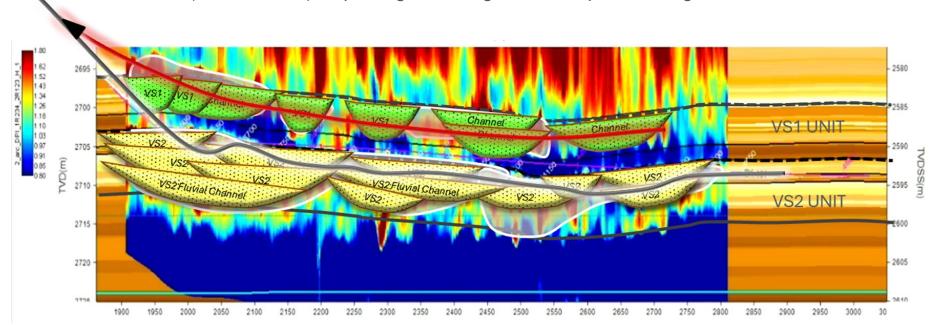
- Vivian reservoir Massive fluvial sands with excellent reservoir quality
- Strong aquifer support and water control using AICD technology assures pressure maintenance and high volumes of oil recovery
- Analogous fields have recovery factors of 22-42% vs Bretaña at 26%
- Recovery factor upside of 10-16%
- 20 drilled oil wells plus 3 PUD locations
- 2P and 3P reserves case have 32 and 36 producing wells. Potential exists for further infill drilling





Development potential

- VS1 Unit: for the first time at Bretaña, PetroTal used the 20H well to drill a lateral into the upper Vivian VS1 unit, where
 a brief production test in August 2024 flowed 320 bopd.
- Independent estimates allocated ~20% of Bretaña of OOIP at YE23 (442 MMBbl) to the VS1 unit, while 100% of booked 2P reserves were allocated to the VS2 unit.
- PetroTal has been using SLB's new Geosphere HD reservoir mapping-while-drilling technology to identify fluvial channel sands (VS1 and VS2), improve geosteering, aid in completion design, and refine its reservoir model.







History of consistent reserves growth



26% and 34%

2P and 3P recovery factors delivered in six years from zero production

120 mmbbls

2P reserves plus cuml. production

\$1.6 Billion 2P

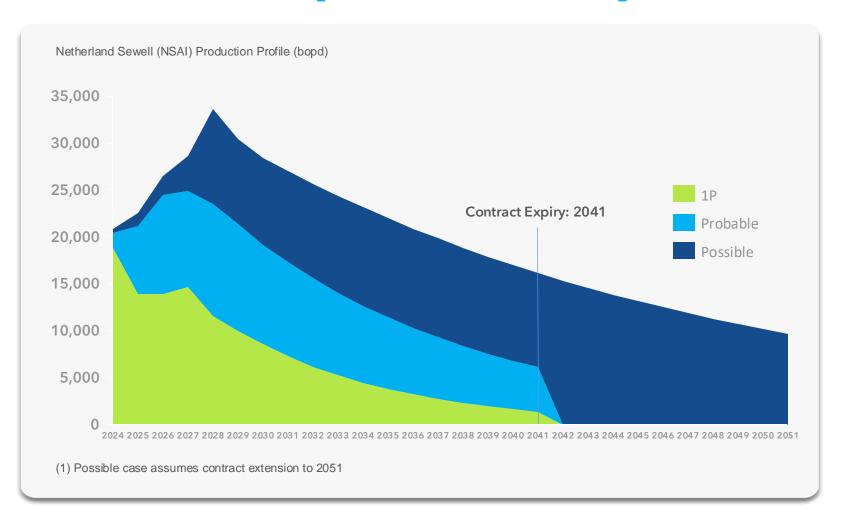
After tax PV10 valuation of \$1.80/share



PetroTal

Growth Strategy

Core asset production profile



> 10,000 bopd

Full reserve life, in 3P case

34,000 bopd

Possible peak production

20,000-25,000 bopd

Ability to flatten peak production, into multi-year production profile

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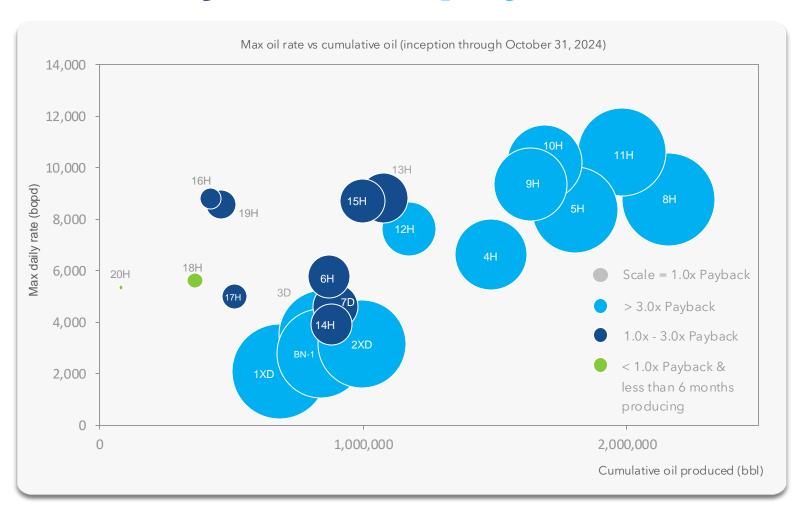
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Growth Strategy

Short cycle well payouts



Key highlights

3.4x

Average well payout for producing portfolio

20.4 months

Average time wells onstream

~10 mmbbls

Wells drilled since 5H have produced over 10 mmbbls of oil

~1 mmbbls

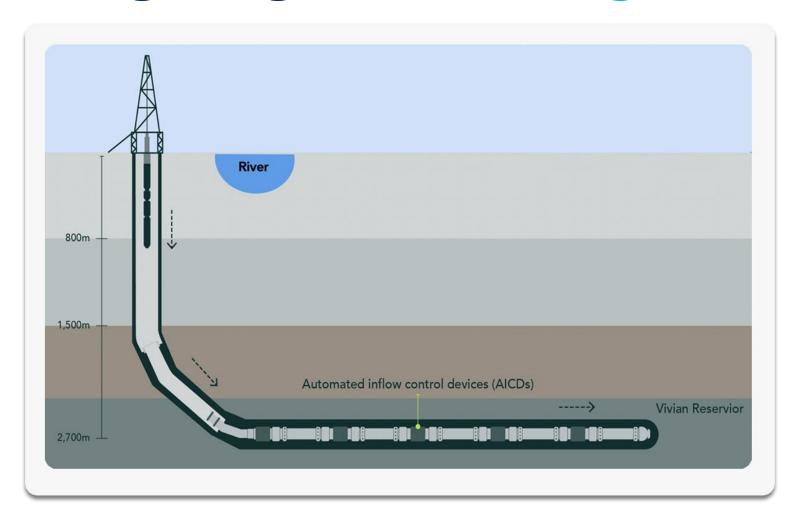
Over first 20 months onstream



PetroTal

Growth Strategy

Long-range well drilling



AICD technology

Less water intrusion via Automated Inflow Control Devices (AICDs)

\$11 to \$16M

Wells costs range, depending on lateral length

40-50 days

Time to drill and complete new wells

18.6 degrees

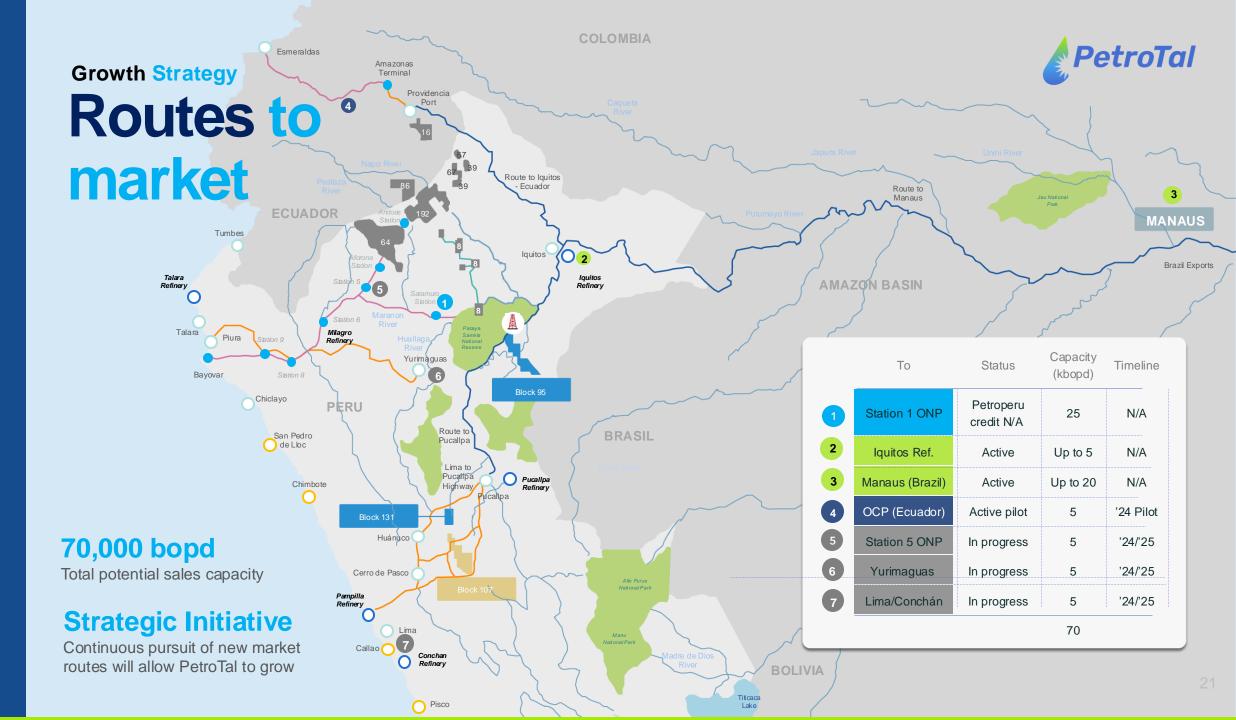
API

25scf/bbl

GOR

15,028 acres

Field size







Existing infrastructure underpins growth

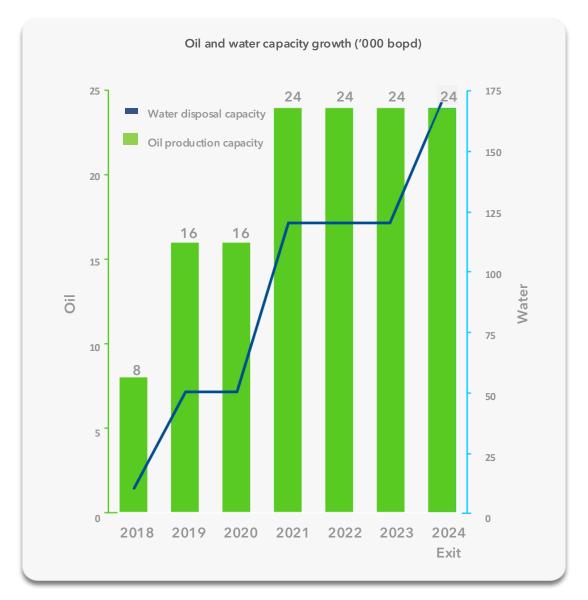
Key highlights

Infrastructure

Installed oil processing capacity of 24,000 bopd and water disposal of 170,000 bwpd by YE24

Facility optionality

Current infrastructure allows alternative paced 2P development







Solidifying our foundation for future growth

Erosion Control

Erosion control project estimated at \$65 to \$75 million and weighted to 2025

Five breakwaters being constructed – three (3) on the community side, and two (2) on the camp side

Project allocated approximately 60-65% to Opex and 35-40% to Capex

Erosion control project

Erosion control impacted area

Existing problem

Example of completed project (La Pastora)



The solution (illustrative)



Growing PetroTal

Growth opportunities

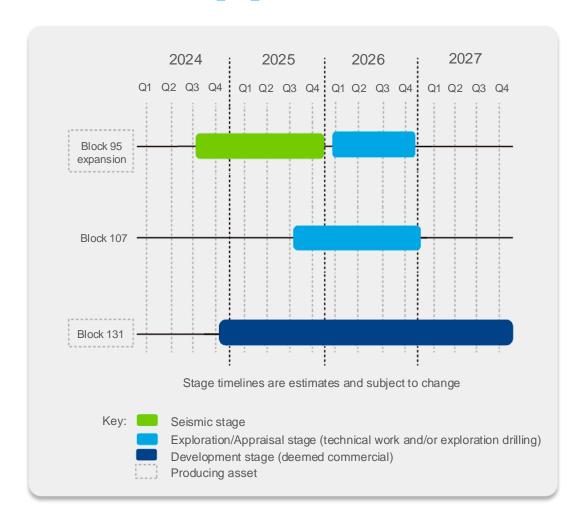
- Peru's Marañon Basin has been underexplored for hydrocarbons
- PetroTal aims to repeat Bretaña success in its other Peruvian assets
- Multiple prospects and leads from existing portfolio Blocks 95,
 107 and 131



Growing PetroTal



Growth opportunities



Expansion Potential

Community alignment

Continuation of social trust fund initiatives

Tactical facilities approach

Utilize existing infrastructure for cost savings

2024/2025 seismic

Unlocking continued trends past Bretaña

Block 107

Exploration upside based on reinterpreted seismic data

Block 131 development

Adds near term production, cash flow, and upside



Expansion

Block 95

Expansion beyond Bretaña at Block 95

Fiscal Terms

5% - 20% royalty

~7.5% at 20,000 bopd plus 2.5% social fund

License contract until 2041

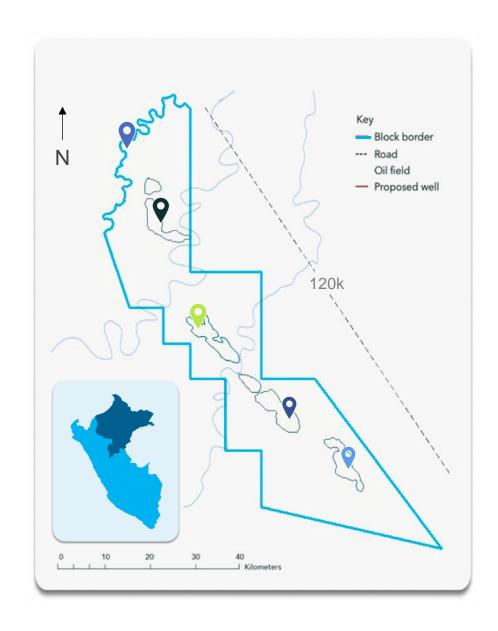
Bretaña Field

Zapote

Iberia

Tapiche South

Lead E





Key highlights

\$50-\$70M

Risked dry hole Capex ~\$50-\$70 million from 2024 - 2026 inclusive of seismic

\$30M

in 2025 (seismic)

\$25-\$30M

in 2026 (proposed drilling)

\$10-\$12/bbl

Total F&D costs if deemed commercial



Expansion



Block 107

Overview

Fiscal Terms

- Block 107 is a prospect ready area with road access
- Exploration commitment to drill two exploration wells extended to 2026
- PetroTal will seek a farmout partner
- Gran Tierra with 20% back in option
- Osheki Prospect
 Unrisked mean / best estimate
 500 / 275 mmbbls prospective
 resource



Key highlights

534 mmbbls

Mean estimate unrisked prospective resource over an area of 262,000 hectares

Subsurface

Reinterpreted seismic shows two main structural prospects

Updated technical

De-risked with new 3D Geologic Model supporting Cretaceous reservoirs with oil or gas charge from high quality Permian source rocks

Dry hole NPV neutral

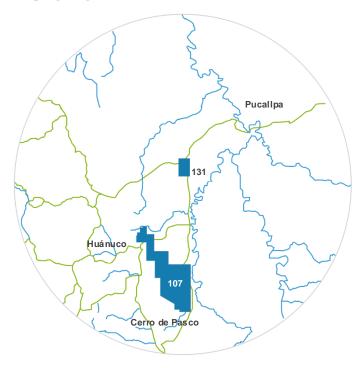
Tax synergies with Bretaña

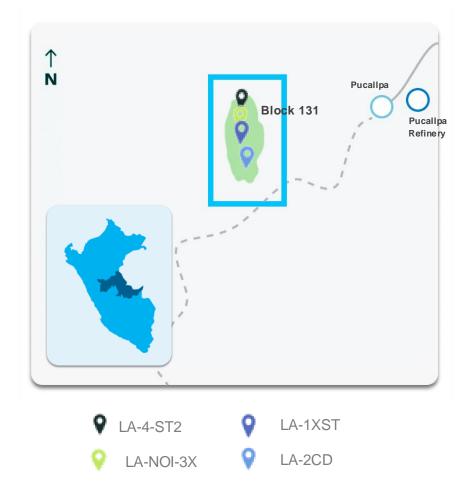


Expansion

Block 131

Overview¹





- In May 2024, PetroTal signed an agreement to acquire Block 131 for \$5 million in cash
- Low risk conventional light oil reservoir in the Cushabatay sand
- Four-way closure composed of fluvial channels of uniform thickness, good porosity / permeability and clear OWC
- Diversified cash flowing asset from four producing wells



Key highlights

900 bopd/40 API oil

Current oil production

25%

Current recovery factor with 7.6 mmbbl of cuml. oil

Infrastructure

Minimal to no infrastructure investments needed. Can accommodate up to 5,500 bopd

Transaction approval

President of Peru granted Supreme Decree on October 2, 2024. Acquisition formally closed November 28

2025 activity

PetroTal plans to provide updated development plans with 2025 guidance release in January

Current operations



Block 131 cont.

Continued growth in Peru

Upside potential

5,500 bopd

Current oil handling capacity

Bypassed oil

Horizontal well locations high on structure

Voidage optimization

Lower opex with less chemical

Blending synergies

At the Iquitos refinery

Tax synergies

Future tax synergies with Bretaña may become available

Upside potential

Deeper potential exists in the Copacabana zone which was previously tested for oil

Fiscal Terms 23.5% royalty rate Potential to renegotiate

License contract until 2037



Included infrastructure:

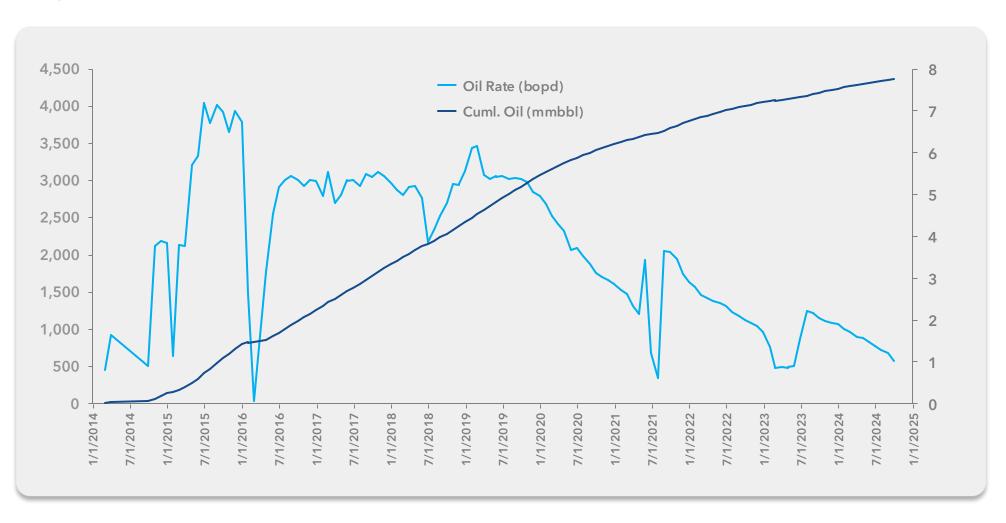
- Oil treatment plant
- Water treatment plant
- Water injection plant

PetroTal Corp. Investor Presentation



Block 131 cont.

Continued growth in Peru





2024 financial and operational performance

Key highlights

- Drill and complete seven new oil wells in 2024
- Piloting two new routes to markets (OCP/Yurimaguas)
- Investing \$150 to \$175 million in total Capex
- Initiating exploration programs in Blocks 95 and permit approvals for Block 107
- Generating up to ~\$55 million of additional adjusted free funds flow in addition to the \$90 million of unrestricted cash at Jan 1, 2024







Summary (USD)



Up to \$66M (13% yield)

2024 dividends and buybacks

\$230 - \$260M

Net operating income¹

\$200 - \$240M

Adjusted EBITDA¹

Up to \$55M

2024 after tax adjusted free fund flow build (pre return of capital)

Production (bopd)

17,000

2024 guidance

18,518

Q1 2024 (actual)

18,290

Q2 2024 (actual)

15,203

Q3 2024 (actual)

18,500

Q4 2024 (est)

CAPEX (USD)



\$150 - \$175M

2024 guidance

\$30M

Q1 2024 (actual)

\$39M

Q2 2024 (actual)

\$43M

Q3 2024 (actual)

\$41 - \$53M

Q4 2024 (est)



2024 guidance

2024 free funds flow build

After tax adjusted free funds flow up to \$55 million pre return of capital

Accelerated drilling

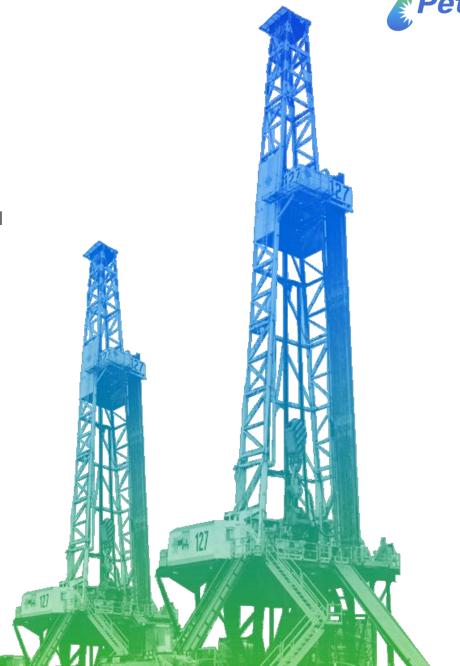
Drilling 7, completing 7 oil wells plus drilling one additional water disposal well in 2024

Water disposal capacity

Exiting year with 170,000 bwpd disposal capacity

Strong Brent year to date

Strong Brent prices have funded additional capex investments year to date 2024





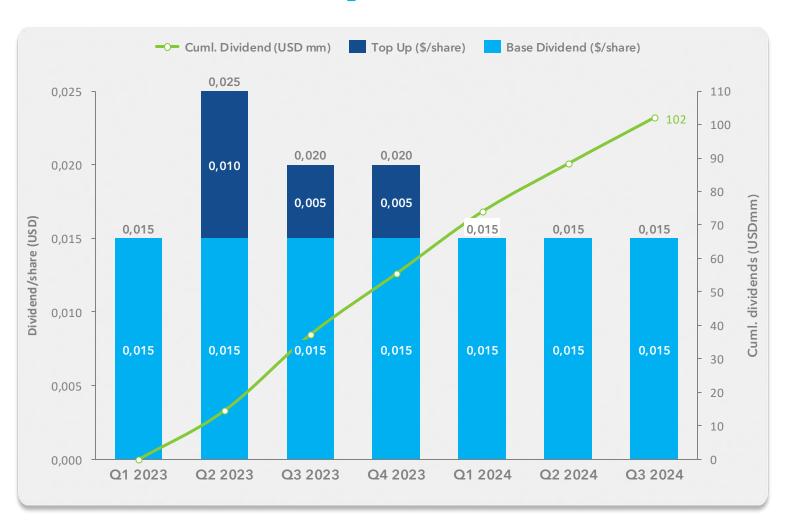
2024 guidance

Summary in USD millions	2024
	(Aug 2024 guidance)
Production (bopd)	16,500–17,500
Brent (\$/bbl)	\$77 - \$83
Net operating income	\$250 - \$280
Erosion (opex portion)	(\$20)
G&A	(\$30) ⁽¹⁾
EBITDA ⁽²⁾	\$200 - \$240
Capex	(\$150) — (\$175)
Accrued tax and finance expense(3)	(\$40)
After tax free funds flow	Up to \$40
Working capital / derivative true up	\$15
Adjusted after tax free funds flow	Up to \$55

- (1) Includes \$4.2 million in social and community and \$2.8 million in non-cash G&A
- (2) See footnotes and non Gaap definitions
- (3) Amount reflects estimated accrued taxes. Cash tax is approximately \$15 million in 2024



Return of capital overview



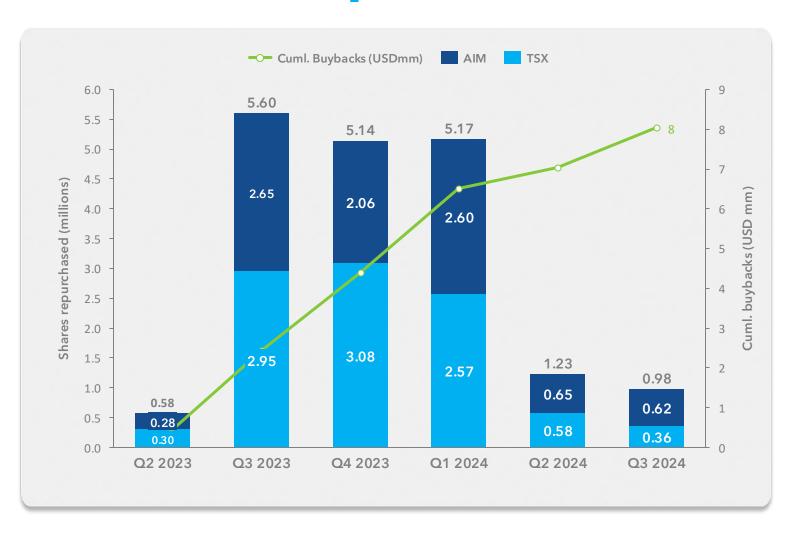
Dividends: \$102 million paid (\$0.125/share)

Returned through Sept. 30, 2024

- Pay a quarterly \$0.015/share base dividend with top up optionality
- Liquidity is cash available at dividend approval date, adjusted by portions of unused credit capacity and or future capital/working capital needs



Return of capital overview



Buybacks: \$8 million in shares purchased

Through September 30, 2024

- Buyback approximately 10% of the Company's public float subject to volume and liquidity constraints
- Target up to \$3.0 million in buybacks per quarter

Performance



2024 Bretaña cash flow profile

2024 free cash flow matrix (Production vs Brent price)

	15,000	16,000	17,000	18,000	19,000	20,000
\$80	\$23	\$34	\$44	\$54	\$64	\$76
\$75	\$7	\$16	\$26	\$35	\$44	\$53
\$70	(\$9)	(\$1)	\$7	\$15	\$23	\$31
\$65	(\$26)	(\$19)	(\$12)	(\$4)	\$3	\$10
\$60	(\$42)	(\$36)	(\$30)	(\$24)	(\$17)	(\$11)

Free cash flow matrix assumptions:

- Full-year production and pricing assumed
- Base G&A: Approximately \$30 million annually
- Cash tax: Estimated at \$15 million (based on \$40 million accrued in 2024, \$25 million paid in early 2025)
- Capex flexibility: Up to \$30 million can be deferred in certain scenarios
- Post-development: Annual maintenance capex of \$25 million
- Bretaña: \$151 million capex program, excluding seismic. Includes 5% employee tax, 32% corporate tax, and 2.5% social trust royalty



ESG overview





Safety





Governance





ESG overview

\$3.5 million

Funding for a 20-year monitoring study

2.5%

Of fiscalized production to a social trust fund

Unified addendum

Signed aligning government, PetroTal, community

Transparent ESG policy

Full compliance to Canadian, UK, and US standards

Zero spills on site

Zero hydrocarbon oil spills in 2023, 2022 & 2021





ESG overview

Results



Alignment with community



Resource sharing mechanism accelerating the process for benefits



Fewer operational disruptions, quicker resolutions, and safer work environments



Management of the social trust by the trust administration committee





ESG Overview

PetroTal created social trust

Initiation

In late 2021, PetroTal founded and initiated a social trust fund that created alignment between local communities and PetroTal.





ESG Overview



PetroTal created social trust

2.5%
Of fiscalized production



Contributions to date¹



Trust administration committee

(In region, comprised of community members)









Relevant ESG initiatives

Commitment through policies, projects and programs that have made PetroTal an ESG leader in the Peruvian energy sector







Appendix

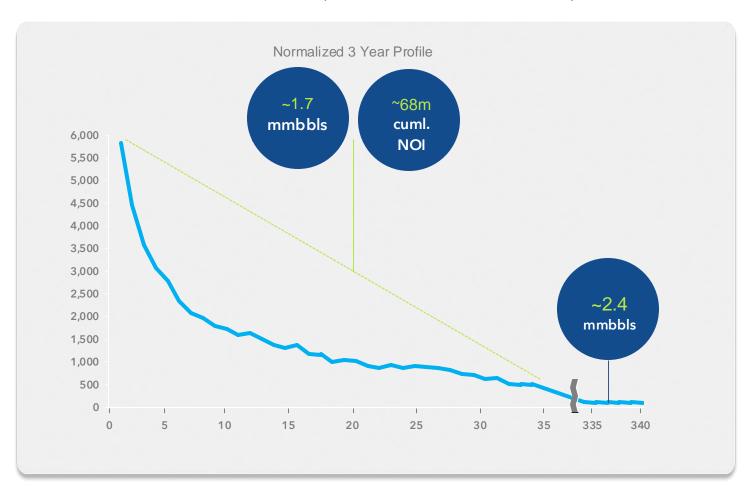


Performance



Robust type curve profile

Time Normalized Well Performance (Horizontal Well Portfolio + 7D)



Notes

Actual portfolio average horizontal data would indicate over performance of NSAI 2P type curve. Horizontal portfolio has recycled back its investment 3.7x in ~12 months of normalized production time

Technical team to forecast production using near 2P performance with additional risks applied

Robust economics and payout ratios at current Brent levels to justify continued development of 2P/3P booked locations





Horizontal

(based on actual data)

4,900 bopd IP 90

3,400 bopd IP 180

2,600 bopd IP 365

\$11 - \$15M

\$4,200

Capital intensity (180 days)

60-70 days

Payout (\$80 Brent)

Capex

Estimated 2P Avg

(NSAI)

3,830 bopd

IP 90

3,000 bopd IP 180

2,290 bopd IP 365

4.5 mmbbls **EUR**

\$14M Capex

\$4,667

Capital intensity (180 days)

170 days

Payout (\$80 Brent)

>5x

Profit to investment ratio

Deviated

(based on actual data)

2,019 bopd

IP 90

1,652 bopd IP 180

1,300 bopd IP 365

\$8 - \$10m Capex

\$5,400

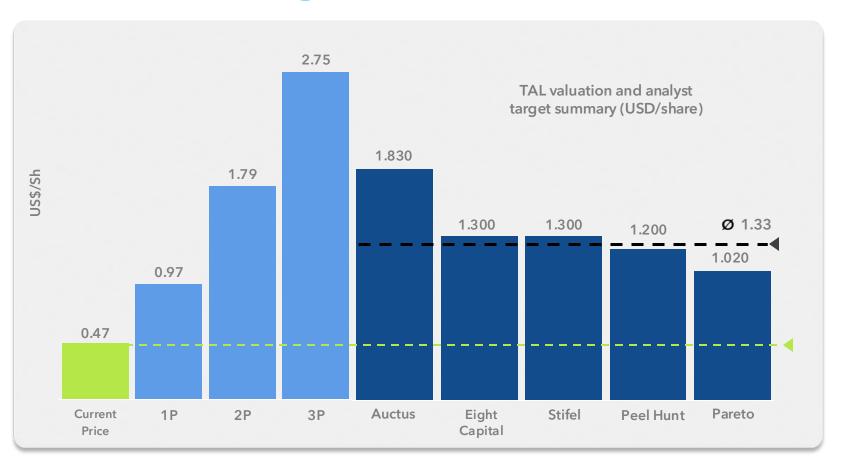
Capital intensity (180 days)

60 - 70days

Payout (\$80 Brent)



Analyst coverage and relative target valuation



Key Highlights

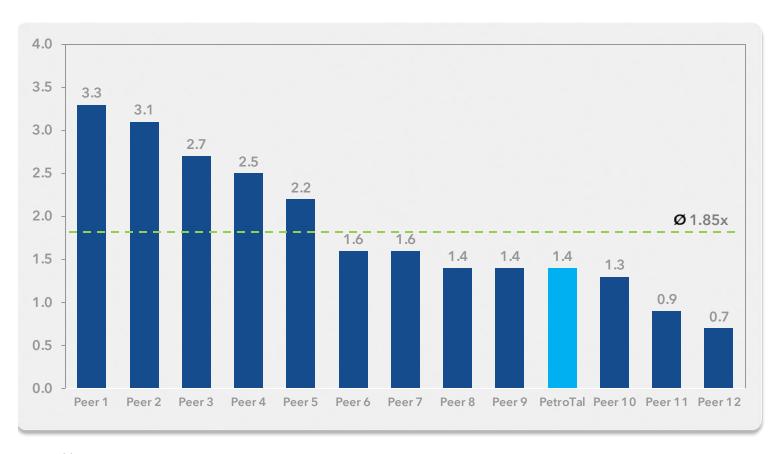
- Trading just over blowdown valuation (PDP valuation NPV10/share) per the Dec 31, 2023 year ended NSAI reserve report
- New investors can acquire shares at a significant discount to 1P reserves per share

Performance



Peer trading multiples

Relative EV/EBITDA multiples below peer average



Key Highlights

Company will deliver:

- Top quartile production and cash flow per share growth
- A 10% to 15% dividend yield and complimentary share buyback program
- Exploration and development upside
- Organic and inorganic production and cash flow diversification
- Additional oil evacuation routes to reduce dry season volatility and accommodate expansion

Notes

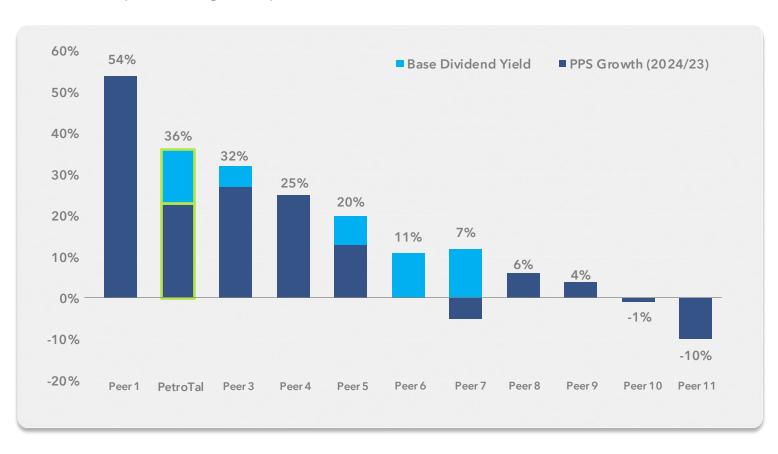
- Peer group includes: Afentra PLC, Africa Oil, Arrow Exploration, Canacol Energy, Capricom Energy, Geopark, Jadestone Energy, Parex Resources, Tullow Oil, Vaalco Energy, Valeura Energy, Vista Energy
- Source: Factset, as of October 31, 2024

Performance



Peer comparables growth + yield

Production per share growth plus dividends



Key Highlight

 PetroTal is one of the few small-cap E&P companies with an ability to deliver consistent production growth and a stable dividend

Notes

- Peer group includes: Africa Oil, Arrow Exploration, Berry Corp, Canacol Energy, Geopark, International Petroleum, Jadestone Energy, Parex Resources, Ring Energy, Tullow Oil, Vaalco Energy
- Source: Factset, as of October 31, 2024

Appendix cont.

Footnotes

Slide 2

- 1. Market capitalization as of September 30, 2024 using a 1.36 CAD/USD exchange rate
- 2. Reflects contracted offtake of 1,300-2,000 bopd
- 3. PetroTal also holds a 100% WI in the high impact exploration onshore Block 107
- 4. See disclaimers Non Gaap financial measures

Slide 3

- 1. NSAI Reserves statement effective date December 31, 2023
- 2. Amount invested refers to Capex
- 3. Net Surplus is Q2 2024 actual

Slide 7

1. Up to 50,000 bopd of active evacuation capacity includes an assumed 25,000 bopd through the ONP, which is active, but not in use by the Company

Slide 9

- 1. Per the NSAI Reserves statement effective date 31 December 2023
- 2. AICD Autonomous Inflow Control Devices
- 3. Analogous fields are other heavy oil fields near Block 95

Slide 10

- 1. Historical reserve replacement ratios are not guaranteed to continue in the future
- 2. The Company has used the Yurimaguas route early in the Company's inception

Slide 11/12

- 1. Per the NSAI Reserves statement effective date 31 December 2023
- 2. Production profile reflects NSAl's rollup. Management may elect to develop and or pace the asset differently. The production profile should not be interpreted to be the Company's yearly budget.



3. Recovery factors of 26% and 34% are calculated as reserves / original oil in place. (2P = 100 mmbbls / 442 mmbbls) (3P = 200 mmbbls / 595 mmbbls)

Slide 13

- 1. Based on actual company data
- 2. Payback on each well uses average netback assumptions

Slide 15

1. Achieving the total potential sales capacity is estimated and will be dependent on factors that management may not control

Slide 16

- 1. Erosion control allocations and estimates are subject to change
- 2. Water disposal capacities are estimated

Slide 17

 Block 131, 95 expansions, and 107 are all subject to approval by the board of directors and subject to changes and or other approvals by Perupertro and Petroperu

Slides 18-21

 Locations and costs are estimated based on internal technical assumptions and are subject to changes

Slide 30

1. First 30 months of type curve based on Company actual data. Remaining type curve depicts an estimated 2P well with 4.5 mmbbls of recoverable oil









Reader advisories

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS: This press release contains certain statements that may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. Such statements relate to possible future events. All statements other than statements of historical fact may be forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "plan", "estimate", "potential", "will", "should", "continue", "may", "objective" and similar expressions. Without limitation, this presentation contains forward-looking statements pertaining to: PetroTal's intention to continue to develop the Bretana asset; the targeted 20% growth rate from 2023; PetroTal's forecast 2024 funds flow; plans with respect to the Company's seismic program in the southern part of Block 95 including with respect to its intended duration and purposes; closing of the acquisition of Block 131; future tax synergies between the Bretana asset and Block 131; PetroTal's intentions to continue seeking a partner for co-investment for Block 107 and obtain development permits; the positioning of the Company in 2024; PetroTal's intentions with respect to its return of capital program (including that the program will continue to consist of dividends at \$0.015/share and target buybacks up to \$3.0 million/quarter in accordance with the Company's return of capital policy); PetroTal's plans to commercialize new sales routes through the OCP in Ecuador and through Yurimaguas to Bayovar and the anticipated benefits therefrom (including in respect of production estimates) and the timing thereof; PetroTal's expectations with respect to projects and key initiatives to be financed with contributions from the Social Trust Fund; PetroTal's plans to drill a water disposal well in 2024 and expectations regarding capacity within the Company's existing water disposal wells throughout 2024; estimated returns from the Company's 2024 dividend and buyback plan; drilling plans including with respect to the commencement and completion of drilling wells; estimated payback from wells and the timing thereof; PetroTal's plans to continue to allocate capital to its long term preventative erosion control program; PetroTal's 2024 budget for the erosion control project

and plans in respect thereof; the 2024 Capex budget; and PetroTal's expectations regarding 2024 operating costs. In addition, statements relating to expected production, reserves, recovery, replacement, costs and valuation are deemed to be forward-looking statements as they involve the implied assessment, based on certain estimates and assumptions that the reserves described can be profitably produced in the future. The forward-looking statements are based on management's current belief, based on currently available information, as to the outcome and timing of future events. The forwardlooking statements are based on certain key expectations and assumptions made by the Company, including, but not limited to, expectations and assumptions concerning the ability of existing infrastructure to deliver production and the anticipated capital expenditures associated therewith, the ability to obtain and maintain necessary permits and licenses, the ability of government groups to effectively achieve objectives in respect of reducing social conflict and collaborating towards continued investment in the energy sector, reservoir characteristics, recovery factor, exploration upside, prevailing commodity prices and the actual prices received for PetroTal's products, including pursuant to hedging arrangements, the availability and performance of drilling rigs, facilities, pipelines, other oilfield services and skilled labour, royalty regimes and exchange rates, the impact of inflation on costs, the application of regulatory and licensing requirements, the accuracy of PetroTal's geological interpretation of its drilling and land opportunities, current legislation, receipt of required regulatory approval, the success of future drilling and development activities, the performance of new wells, future river water levels, the Company's growth strategy, general economic conditions and availability of required equipment and services. PetroTal cautions that forward-looking statements relating to PetroTal are subject to all of the risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause the actual results, performance, capital expenditures or achievements of the Company to differ materially from anticipated future results, performance, capital expenditures or achievement





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expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, risks associated with the oil and gas industry in general (e.g., operational risks in development, exploration and production; delays or changes in plans with respect to exploration or development projects or capital expenditures; the uncertainty of reserve estimates; the uncertainty of estimates and projections relating to production, costs and expenses; and health, safety and environmental risks), business performance, legal and legislative developments including changes in tax laws and legislation affecting the oil and gas industry and uncertainties resulting from potential delays or changes in plans with respect to exploration or development projects or capital expenditures, credit ratings and risks, fluctuations in interest rates and currency values, changes in the financial landscape both domestically and abroad, including volatility in the stock market and financial system, wars (including Russia's war in Ukraine and the Israeli-Hamas conflict), regulatory developments, commodity price volatility, price differentials and the actual prices received for products, exchange rate fluctuations, legal, political and economic instability in Peru, access to transportation routes and markets for the Company's production, changes in legislation affecting the oil and gas industry; changes in the financial landscape both domestically and abroad (including volatility in the stock market and financial system) and the occurrence of weather-related and other natural catastrophes. Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive. Please refer to the risk factors identified in the Company's most recent annual information form and management's discussion and analysis (the "MD&A") which which can be accessed either on PetroTal's website at www.petrotal-corp.com or on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca. The forward-looking statements contained in this press release are made as of the date hereof and the Company undertakes no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statements or information, whether as a result of new

information, future events or otherwise, unless so required by applicable securities laws. Forward looking CAPEX and OPEX assumptions in this presentation are consistent with the NSAI Reserve Report as of Dec 31, 2023 and current historical operating results to date, however, the timing and pace of the development plan has been adjusted from the NSAI Report to align with management's internal view on commodity price and liquidity. Management may create and post alternative development cases at their discretion and label them internal.

FOFI DISCLOSURE: This presentation contains future-oriented financial information and financial outlook information (collectively, "FOFI") about PetroTal's prospective results of operations, and production results, 2024 drilling program and budget, well investment payback, cash position, liquidity and components thereof, all of which are subject to the same assumptions, risk factors, limitations and qualifications as set forth in the above paragraphs. FOFI contained in this presentation was approved by management as of the date of this presentation and was included for the purpose of providing further information about PetroTal's anticipated future business operations. PetroTal and its management believe that FOFI has been prepared on a reasonable basis, reflecting management's best estimates and judgments, and represent, to the best of management's knowledge and opinion, the Company's expected course of action. However, because this information is highly subjective, it should not be relied on as necessarily indicative of future results. PetroTal disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any FOFI contained in this presentation, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required pursuant to applicable law. Readers are cautioned that the FOFI contained in this presentation should not be used for purposes other than for which it is disclosed herein. All FOFI contained in this presentation complies with the requirements of Canadian securities legislation, including NI 51-101.





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Changes in forecast commodity prices, differences in the timing of capital expenditures, and variances in average production estimates can have a significant impact on the key performance measures included in PetroTal's guidance. The Company's actual results may differ materially from these estimates.

SPECIFIED FINANCIAL MEASURES. OIL AND GAS METRICS AND OTHER KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS: This presentation includes various specified financial measures, including non-GAAP financial measures, non-GAAP financial ratios and capital management measures such as "Netback", "EBITDA", "Adjusted EBITDA", "Net Operating Income" and "free funds flow". These measures do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and, therefore, may not be comparable with the calculation of similar measures. In addition, this presentation contains metrics commonly used in the oil and natural gas industry and other key performance indicators, financial and non-financial, that do not have standardized meanings under the applicable securities legislation. Management uses these non-GAAP measures for its own performance measurement and to provide shareholders and investors with additional measurements of the Company's efficiency and its ability to fund a portion of its future capital expenditures. "Netback" (non-GAAP financial measure) equals total petroleum sales less quality discount, lifting costs, transportation costs and royalty payments calculated on a bbl basis. The Company considers netbacks to be a key measure as they demonstrate Company's profitability relative to current commodity prices. "EBITDA" (non-GAAP financial measure) is calculated as consolidated net income (loss) before interest and financing expenses, income taxes, depletion, depreciation and amortization and adjusted for G&A impacts and certain non-cash, extraordinary and non-recurring items primarily relating to unrealized gains and losses on financial instruments and impairment losses, including derivative true-up settlements.

PetroTal utilizes EBITDA as a measure of operational performance and cash flow generating capability. EBITDA impacts the level and extent of funding for capital projects investments. "Adjusted EBITDA" (non-GAAP financial measure) is calculated as consolidated net income (loss) before interest and financing expenses, income taxes, depletion, depreciation and amortization and adjusted for G&A impacts and certain non-cash, extraordinary and non-recurring items primarily relating to unrealized gains and losses on financial instruments and impairment losses, including derivative true-up settlements. PetroTal utilizes adjusted EBITDA as a measure of operational performance and cash flow generating capability. Adjusted EBITDA impacts the level and extent of funding for capital projects investments. Reference to EBITDA is calculated as net operating income less G&A. "Net Operating Income" (non-GAAP financial measure) is calculated as revenues less royalties, operating expenses, and direct transportation. The Company considers Net Operating Income measure as they demonstrate Company's profitability relative to current commodity prices. "Free funds flow" (non-GAAP financial measure) is calculated as net operating income less G&A less exploration and development capital expenditures less realized derivative gains/losses and is calculated prior to all debt service, taxes, lease payments, hedge costs, factoring, and lease payments. Management uses free funds flow to determine the amount of funds available to the Company for future capital allocation decisions. "NPV-10" or similar expressions represents the net present value (net of capex) of net income discounted at 10%, with net income reflecting the indicated oil, liquids and natural gas prices and IP rate, less internal estimates of operating costs and royalties. "Enterprise value" is calculated as the market capitalization of the Company plus net debt, where market capitalization is defined as the total number of shares outstanding multiplied by the price per share at a given point in time. "CAPEX" means capital expenditures. "IP" means the initial production from a well for a set unit of time. "Capital efficiency" is CAPEX divided by production rate (bopd). "EUR" means estimated ultimate.





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recovery, an approximation of the quantity of oil or gas that is potentially recoverable or has already been recovered from a reserve or well. EUR is not a defined term within the COGE Handbook and therefore any reference to EUR in this presentation is not deemed to be reported under the requirements of NI 51-101. Readers are cautioned that there is no certainty that the Company will ultimately recover the estimated quantity of oil or gas from such reserves or wells. "F&D" means finding and development costs, calculated as the sum of capital expenditures incurred in the period and the change in FDC required to develop reserves. "Free cash" or "free funds flow" defined as Adjusted EBITDA before minus CAPEX. "Yield" means free funds flow per year as a percentage of market capitalization. Please refer to the MD&A for additional information relating to specified financial measures.

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RESERVES DISCLOSURE. The reserve estimates contained herein were derived from a reserves assessment and evaluation prepared by Netherland Sewell & Associates, Inc. ("NSAI"), a qualified independent reserves evaluator, with an effective date of December 31, 2023 (the "NSAI Reserves Report"). The NSAI Reserves Report has been prepared in accordance with definitions, standards and procedures contained in NI 51-101 and the Canadian Oil and Gas Evaluation Handbook (the "COGE Handbook"). The reserve estimates contained herein are estimates only and there is no guarantee that the estimated reserves will be recovered. Volumes of reserves have been presented based on a company interest. Readers should give attention to the estimates of individual classes of reserves and appreciate the differing probabilities of recovery associated with each category as explained herein. The estimates of reserves for individual properties may not reflect the same confidence level as estimates of reserves for all properties, due to the effects of aggregation.

RESOURCES DISCLOSURE. The prospective resource estimates contained herein were derived from a resource assessment and evaluation prepared by NSAI, a qualified independent reserves evaluator, with an effective date of June 30, 2020 (the "NSAI Resources Report"). The NSAI Resources Report has been prepared in accordance with definitions, standards and procedures contained in NI 51-101 and the COGE Handbook. Prospective resources are the quantities of petroleum estimated, as of a given date, to be potentially recoverable from undiscovered accumulations by application of future development projects. All of the prospective resources have been classified as light oil with a gravity of 46 degrees API. There is uncertainty that it will be commercially viable to produce any portion of the resources in the event that it is discovered. "Unrisked Prospective Resources" are 100% of the volumes estimated to be recoverable from the field in the event that it is discovered and developed. NSAI has determined that a 16% chance of discovery is appropriate for the prospective resources based on an assessment of a number of criteria. The estimates of prospective resources provided in this presentation are estimates only and there is no guarantee that the estimated prospective resources will be discovered. If discovered, there is no certainty that it will be commercially viable to produce any portion of the prospective resources evaluated. Not only are such prospective resources estimates based on that information which is currently available, but such estimates are also subject to uncertainties inherent in the application of judgmental factors in interpreting such information. Prospective resources should not be confused with those quantities that are associated with contingent resources or reserves due to the additional risks involved. Because of the uncertainty of commerciality and the lack of sufficient exploration drilling, the prospective resources estimated herein cannot be classified as contingent resources or reserves. The quantities that might actually be recovered, should they be discovered and developed, may differ significantly from the estimates herein. The prospective resources estimates that are referred to herein are risked





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as to chance of discovery. Risks that could impact the chance of discovery include, without limitation, geological uncertainty, political and social issues, and availability of capital. In general, the significant factors that may change the prospective resources estimates include further delineation drilling, which could change the estimates either positively or negatively, future technology improvements, which would positively affect the estimates, and additional processing capacity that could affect the volumes recoverable or type of production. Additional facility design work, development plans, reservoir studies and delineation drilling is expected to be completed by PetroTal in accordance with its long-term resource development plan.

RESERVE CATEGORIES. Reserves are classified according to the degree of certainty associated with the estimates. Proved reserves (1P) are those reserves that can be estimated with a high degree of certainty to be recoverable. It is likely that the actual remaining quantities recovered will exceed the estimated proved reserves. Probable reserves (2P) are those additional reserves that are less certain to be recovered than proved reserves. It is equally likely that the actual remaining quantities recovered will be greater or less than the sum of the estimated proved plus probable reserves. Possible reserves (3P) are those additional reserves that are less certain to be recovered than probable reserves. It is unlikely that the actual remaining quantities recovered will exceed the sum of the estimated proved plus probable plus possible reserves.

RESOURCE CATEGORIES. Prospective resources are classified according to the degree of certainty associated with the estimates. The following classification of prospective resources used in the presentation: Low Estimate (or 1C) means there is at least a 90 percent probability (P90) that the quantities actually recovered will equal or exceed the low estimate. Best Estimate (or 2C) means there is at least a 50 percent probability (P50) that the quantities actually recovered will equal or exceed the best estimate. High Estimate (or 3C) means

there is at least a 10 percent probability (P10) that the quantities actually recovered will equal or exceed the high estimate. MEAN ESTIMATE. Represents the arithmetic average of the expected recoverable volume. It is the most accurate single point representation of the volume distribution.

BOE DISCLOSURE. The term barrels of oil equivalent ("BOE") may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. A BOE conversion ratio of six thousand cubic feet per barrel (6Mcf/bbl) of natural gas to barrels of oil equivalence is based on an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency at the wellhead. All BOE conversions in the report are derived from converting gas to oil in the ratio mix of six thousand cubic feet of gas to one barrel of oil.

OIL REFERENCES: All references to "oil" or "crude oil" production, revenue or sales in this press release mean "heavy crude oil" as defined in National Instrument 51-101 Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities ("NI 51-101"). All references to "light oil" production, revenue or sales mean "light crude oil" as defined in NI 51-101. Brent refers to Intercontinental Exchange "ICE" Brent.

ANALOGOUS INFORMATION. Certain information in this document may constitute "analogous information" as defined in NI 51-101, including, but not limited to, information relating to areas, wells and/or operations that are in geographical proximity to or on-trend with lands held by PetroTal and production information related to wells that are believed to be on trend with PetroTal's properties. Such information has been obtained from government sources, regulatory agencies or other industry participants. Management of PetroTal believes the information may be relevant to help define the reservoir characteristics in which PetroTal may hold an interest and such information has been presented to help demonstrate the basis for PetroTal's business plans and strategies.





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However, PetroTal has no way of verifying the accuracy of such information. There is no certainty that the results of the analogous information or inferred thereby will be achieved by PetroTal and such information should not be construed as an estimate of future production levels. Such information is also not an estimate of the reserves or resources attributable to lands held or to be held by PetroTal and there is no certainty that the reservoir data and economics information for the lands held or to be held by PetroTal will be similar to the information presented herein. The reader is cautioned that the data relied upon by PetroTal may be in error and/or may not be analogous to such lands to be held by PetroTal.

SHORT TERM RESULTS: References in this presentation to peak rates, initial production rates, current production rates, initial 14-day production rates, IP 90, IP 180, IP 365, test rates, flow rates, initial and/or final raw test or production rates, early production, test volumes and/or "flush" production rates and other short-term production rates are useful in confirming the presence of hydrocarbons, however such rates are not determinative of the rates at which such wells will commence production and decline thereafter and are not indicative of long-term performance or of ultimate recovery. Such rates may also include recovered "load" fluids used in well completion stimulation. While encouraging, readers are cautioned not to place reliance on such rates in calculating the aggregate production of PetroTal. The Company cautions that such results should be considered to be preliminary.

TYPE CURVES. Certain type curves disclosure presented herein represent estimates of the production decline and ultimate volumes expected to be recovered from wells over the life of the well. The type curves represent what management thinks an average well will achieve. Individual wells may be higher or lower but over a larger number of wells, management expects the average to come out to the type curve. Over time type curves can and will change based on

achieving more production history on older wells or more recent completion information on newer wells.

OOIP DISCLOSURE. The term original-oil-in-place ("OOIP") is equivalent to total petroleum initially-in-place ("TPIIP"). TPIIP, as defined in the COGE Handbook, is that quantity of petroleum that is estimated to exist in naturally occurring accumulations. It includes that quantity of petroleum that is estimated, as of a given date, to be contained in known accumulations, prior to production, plus those estimated quantities in accumulations yet to be discovered. A portion of the TPIIP is considered undiscovered and there is no certainty that any portion of such undiscovered resources will be discovered. If discovered, there is no certainty that it will be commercially viable to produce any portion of such undiscovered resources. With respect to the portion of the TPIIP that is considered discovered resources, there is no certainty that it will be commercially viable to produce any portion of such discovered resources. A significant portion of the estimated volumes of TPIIP will never be recovered.

US DISCLAIMER. This presentation is not an offer of the securities for sale in the United States. The securities have not been registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration or an exemption from registration. This presentation shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy nor shall there be any sale of the securities in any state in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful.

All figures in US dollars unless otherwise denoted.



Abbreviations

Bbl

Barrel

Bopd

Barrel of oil per day

k bopd / Thousand barrel of oil per day

F&D

Finding and development cost

NIBD

Net interest-bearing debt

Mmbbl

Million barrels of oil

NGL

Natural gas liquids

Bbo

Billion barrels of oil

API

an indication of the specific gravity of crude oil measured on the American Petroleum Institute gravity scale. Liquid petroleum with a specified gravity of 28° API or higher is generally referred to as light crude oil

Free Funds/ Cash Flow

Adjusted EBITDA less CAPEX or as defined in footnotes

FFO

Funds flow from operations

Adj. EBITDA

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and after realized derivative adjustments; EBITDA is Adj. EBITDA prior to derivative impacts

3P

Proved + Probable + Possible Reserves

Adjusted free funds flow

Free funds flow adjusted by changes in non cash working capital

Normalized EBITDA

EBITDA excluding material one time nonrecurring expenses

Ha

Hectares

PDP

Proved Developed Producing Reserves

Proved Reserves

Proved + Probable Reserves

3P

Proved + Probable + Possible Reserves

Net surplus

Net Surplus (Debt) = Total cash + all trade and net VAT receivables + short and long term net derivative balances - total current liabilities - long term debt - non current lease liabilities - net deferred tax - other long term obligations.

